



Quartz Care

It is best to use a soft sponge or dishcloth with warm water for everyday cleaning. When sanitizing quartz surfaces, it is best to use a 70% isopropyl rubbing alcohol solution or a Lysol Disinfectant spray.

When addressing stubborn or greasy clean-ups, use a pH neutral liquid cleaner such as Mr. Clean, 409, Simple Green, Fantastic, etc. or an ordinary dish washing detergent such as Palmolive with warm water applied with a soft sponge or dishcloth followed up with a dry cloth.

For persistent staining, Bon Ami, Barkeepers (friend of Soft Scrub products) without bleach can be applied first to a wetted sponge or dishcloth, and then applied to the countertop surface. Please note that an aggressive use of abrasive non-chemical cleaners can result in dulling of the quartz.

Never allow your quartz surface to come in contact with drain cleaners, paint strippers, acetone, products containing Hydrofluoric acid, Ammonia, Methylene chloride, Trichloroethylene, or any product with a very high or very low pH. These types of chemicals may etch or discolor the surface.

There is no need to seal the quartz surface as it is non-porous meaning any sealer applied will not penetrate beyond the surface. Eventually the sealer may start to wear off unevenly in high use areas causing the polish to appear inconsistent.

It is important to always use a trivet or hot pad between quartz and any heat generating device. Sudden or rapid change of temperature and/or long periods of high temperatures may create enough thermal expansion energy causing the surface to crack.